

## Let your light shine (Matthew 5:16)

In music, children are encouraged to let their light shine by appreciating the beautiful sounds in God's wonderful world, through performing on a wide range of instruments and through expressing their voices in different ways. By appreciating and listening to a variety of musical genres, children learn about composers through different periods of history and from across the globe. Through listening to how different composers strive to make positive changes through their compositions, children begin to understand how powerful music can be on so many levels: for individuals, amongst peers, within their school and local communities as well impacting the wider global community. Children all bring a variety of different musical skills with them when joining Church Hill and are given many opportunities to share their own musical knowledge and skills with their peers, as well as chances to support others within music sessions.

Substantive	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge				
Substantive knowledge in music is based around developing and securing children's knowledge of the nine interrelated dimensions of music. Our music curriculum is built around these interrelated dimensions which are also sometimes referred to as musical elements: <b>pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure and notation</b> . The units of work which we follow, alongside the whole-school singing sessions and whole-class instrumental tuition, focus on developing children's skills and knowledge required for them to develop as confident musicians. We achieve this by providing ample opportunities for deliberate practice of the skills, through which children can demonstrate their fluency of knowledge.				
Knowledge of	Explain the differences betwee		Continue to develop an aware	
interrelated dimensions	along to show their understanding.		dimensions of music from lower KS2, building on existing knowledge and looking closer at instrumentation, texture,	
	Understand and recognise different dynamics (loud, quiet, getting louder / quieter).		structure and articulation in music, e.g. why might particular timbres and tempos be chosen? What effect does it create? What texture does this piece have?	
	Understand that pitch means high and low and identify instruments that create high / low pitches.Understand there are different structu bar blues, binary / ternary		nt structures in music, e.g. 12-	
	Understand that tempo refers music and be able to say whet slow or changes.		Recognise and identify more i pitched and non-pitched instr	-
	Understand that different timk individual instruments.	pres (sounds) are created on		

Knowledge of musical genres and history	<ul> <li>Identify a range of simple genres, e.g. pop, folk, classical, rap, bhangra etc.</li> <li>Recognise the sounds of different ensembles, e.g. a gospel choir and soloist, rock band, symphony orchestra and a cappella group etc.</li> <li>Over a period of time, children will begin to recognise and compare pieces of music from a wide range of cultures and traditions, using suggested listening repertoire lists.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>In addition to year 3 /4, recall significant composers from a range of cultures, traditions and genres.</li> <li>Listen and evaluate a range of live and recorded music from different traditions, genres, styles and times, responding appropriately.</li> <li>Show an increased awareness of instrumentation when listening to musical genres.</li> <li>Through revisiting pieces of music over time, children will become familiar with genres and styles, discussing similarities and differences, gaining knowledge of cultural contexts.</li> </ul>	
Knowledge of voice care, control and projection	Through singing in music sessions and during our whole-school 'get togethers', children will build an awareness of the need for a good warm-up to protect their voices, as well as learning how good posture and clear diction whilst singing can help with sound projection. This will help children develop their voice projection as they mature when delivering lines in plays or performing poetry, as well as while singing in groups or individually.			
Disciplinary Knowledge	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Singing	Sing with appropriate phrasing/breathing Sing with a larger range of notes	Sing with even tone across the dynamic range with clear open vowels Sing with facial expression and good posture	Sing with a range of an octave or more Be able to adjust intonation when singing	Maintain good intonation through whole song Have access to scores, following music using simple traditional notation
	Sing in two parts (e.g. in a round / in a large group) Demonstrate good performance technique (e.g.	Sing in two parts (e.g. in a round / in a large group) Demonstrate good performance technique (e.g.	Sing songs in two parts that have contrasting melodies and countermelodies, including a short simple solo	Sing with confidence and good communication as a soloist or in a small group

	entrance, posture, acknowledgement of	entrance, posture, acknowledgement of	Breathe without	Convey the meaning and the context of the song with
	audience etc.)	audience etc.)	interrupting the musical line	dramatic interpretation
			Show an understanding of the etiquette of	Show an understanding of the
			performance and	etiquette of performance and
			communicate with	communicate with
			confidence to an audience	confidence to an audience
Performing	Sing and play confidently	Sing and play confidently and	Maintain a strong sense of	Maintain a strong sense of
	and fluently, maintaining a steady pulse	fluently, maintaining an appropriate pulse	pulse throughout pieces with / without syncopation.	pulse and recognise when going out of time.
	Maintain a part in a piece /	Maintain an independent	Maintain an independent	Maintain an independent part
	rhythm game consisting of two or more parts. Copy	part in a small group when playing or singing (e.g. a	part in a group when singing or playing.	in a group when singing or playing with an awareness of
	rhythmic patterns.	drone, ostinato, rhythm)		other parts / performers
			Experiment with and refine	For a star and write and writers
	Follow and lead simple performance directions,	Follow and lead simple performance directions. (e.g.	sounds with their voices.	Experiment with and refine sounds with their voices.
	demonstrating an	call and response patterns)	Begin to demonstrate	
	understanding of pulse.		increasing confidence,	Demonstrate increasing confidence, expression, skill
	Begin to aurally identify,	Begin to aurally identify, recognise, respond to and	expression, skill and level of musicality through taking	and level of musicality
	recognise, respond to and	use musically graphic	different roles in	through taking different roles
	use musically graphic	notation to represent basic	performance and rehearsal.	in performance and rehearsal
	notation to represent basic changes in pitch within a	changes in pitch within a limited range.	Follow and perform a vocal	Follow staff and other forms
	limited range		piece using a graphic or	of notation while playing
			notated score.	short passages of music.
	Create, use and lead a group with performance			
	instructions. (tempo,			
	dynamics, start, stop)			

Composing and	Create simple rhythmic patter	ns, melodies and	Create simple rhythmic pieces which demonstrate
improvising	accompaniments.	no, melouies and	understanding of rhythm or melodies or accompaniments.
	Create graphic or standard not	tation to represent rhythm.	Use a variety of musical devices, timbres, textures,
			techniques when creating and playing music.
	Hear a melody and create a graphic score represent it.		
			Create music which demonstrates understanding of basic
	Use voice, sounds,		structure and discuss the choices made.
	technology and instruments in	n creative ways.	
			Experiment with voice, sounds, technology and instruments
	Listen to and use features of re		in creative ways to explore new techniques.
	traditions, genres, styles and t	imes.	
			Create and perform a vocal piece by following a graphic /
	Use technology to create, char	nge and combine sounds.	notated score.
Reflecting and evaluating	Offer comments about own and others' work and ways to		Offer comments about own and others' work and ways to
	improve, using appropriate musical vocabulary, including		improve, using appropriate musical vocabulary including
	discussing structure.		discussing structure and justifying these.
	Accept feedback and suggestions from others.		
	Accept feedback and suggestic	ons from others.	Accept feedback and suggestions from others.
			Listen to and evaluate a range of live and recorded music
			from different traditions, genres, styles and times,
			responding appropriately.
Vocabulary	accompaniment	In addition to Year 3	In addition to Years 3 and 4
	allegro		
	bar	chord	crescendo
	composition	chord progression	diminuendo
	crotchet	counter-melody	dotted rhythm
	forte	harmony	dynamics
	imitation	solo	instrumentation
	improvisation		musical features
	largo		off-beat rhythms
	melody		score

	ninim		staff notation	
	noderato		syncopated	
	otation			
	stinato			
	ercussion			
	erformance			
	hrasing			
	iano (soft, quiet)			
pi	itch			
pu	ulse			
qu	uaver			
re	epetition			
re	est			
ro	bund			
rh	nythm			
te	empo			
tir	me signature			
tu	ine			
tu	uned			
ur	nison			
Cross-curricular BE	BC Ten Pieces – fact files on	BBC Ten Pieces – fact files on	BBC Ten Pieces – fact files	BBC Ten Pieces – fact files on
	omposers to support	composers to support	on composers to support	composers to support
reading	stening.	listening.	listening.	listening.
	acts about instruments	Facts about instruments	Facts about instruments	Facts about instruments
le	arnt in WCIT sessions.	learnt in WCIT sessions.	learnt in WCIT sessions.	learnt in WCIT sessions.
	eading lyrics and playscript	Reading lyrics and playscript		Reading lyrics and playscript
	or annual nativity	for annual Easter service.		for annual leavers'
	erformance.			performance.
Cross-curricular Ch	hristmas nativity	Easter service	Times tables songs	Easter service
		Science unit – sound	Songs to help children	English – playscripts / song
IIIIKS	-	Times tables songs	remember facts and	writing (end of year
	emember facts and	Songs to help children	information.	performance)
in	formation.	remember facts and	French culture day (listening	Times tables songs
		information.	activity)	

	French culture day (listening activity) Listening and appraising of music from different cultural contexts	French culture day (listening activity) Equality – equal rights for musicians Listening and appraising of music from different cultural contexts	Homophobia – equal rights for musicians Listening and appraising of music from different cultural contexts	Songs to help children remember facts and information. French culture day (listening activity) Homophobia – equal rights for musicians Listening and appraising of music from different cultural contexts
Christian Values	used to make positive chang way of expressing their view Children show courage whe learning process. <b>Fairness:</b> Through music, ch their musical works recognis	o courageous advocacy throug ges in the world. Learning abo vs on important global issues, on performing and learn how r hildren learn about how many sed and appreciated. These o work together on making gro	out important figures in histo both encourages and inspire naking mistakes in music is a composers through history h pportunities often open impo	ry who have used music as a es children at Church Hill. n important part of the nave had to strive to have ortant discussions. Children
	others, sharing ideas on how to work together in teams. I ranging from international of <b>Koinonia:</b> Through music, cl music lessons and performa	y listen and appraise performa w to improve. Children learn h Members of musical groups cl charities such as The Red Cros hildren demonstrate their und ances both within school and i	now to give constructive feed noose charities to donate pro s, to more local charities. derstanding and respect of ot n the wider community, child	back and have opportunities oceeds of concerts to, ther cultures and beliefs. In
	Responsibility: Children dev	valued: everyone has a part to velop their skills of responsibil of practising their composition	ity when working in small en	. –

	<ul> <li>care of the instruments in school and sing about important issues in music lessons and in whole-school assemblies. Children take pride singing their school song which underpins the school's values.</li> <li>Thankfulness: Through our pupil voice, children are given the chance to share their views on music. They are thankful for chances to perform in whole-school events, in church and within the community, within their music lessons and in the musical clubs on offer at Church Hill. Not only are they thankful for the range of musical opportunities they are given, children share their thanks musically through songs in our weekly singing 'gettogethers'</li> <li>Truthfulness: In music, this value helps children to understand and develop the positive impact that musical artists can have on global matters.</li> </ul>
Spiritual Development	Music plays an important role in the lives of both children and staff at Church Hill. Through music lessons, rehearsals, clubs and performances, children at Church Hill are inspired to develop a love of music. Children have a love of singing and participate in weekly singing practice, singing songs of worship from across the globe. Through opportunities children are given, we aim to build children's self-confidence and hope that they are inspired to continue to develop their talent as musicians long after they leave our school. Children are encouraged to reflect upon their work in music as well as reflecting on how musical experiences affect them on a personal level.